Grammar: SENTENCES



	Types of Sentences				
		Independent	Dependent	Example	
-	Simple	1	0	The cat ran under the porch.	
	Compound	2+	0	The cat ran under the porch, and the dog ran after him.	
	Complex	1	1+	The cat, who is scared of dogs, ran under the porch.	
	Compound-complex	2+	1+	The cat, who is scared of dogs, ran under the porch,	

SENTENCE CONSTRUCTION ERRORS				
Run-on	Join the clauses with a semicolon or a comma and conjunction.	No: It's a beautiful day we're going to the park.		
		Yes: It's a beautiful day, so we're going to the park.		
Sentence	Rewrite the sentence to form an independent clause.	No: A beautiful day to go to the park.		
fragment		Yes: It is a beautiful day to go to the park.		
Comma splice	Add a conjunction.	No: It's a beautiful day, we're going to the park.		
		Yes: It's a beautiful day, so we're going to the park.		
Misplaced modifier	Move the modifier so it is next to the word being modified.	No: Located just down the road, we love going to the park.		
		Yes: We love going to the park located just down the road.		

Types of Clauses

Independent The dog ate her homework.

Dependent Because the dog ate her homework

- ► Clauses have a subject and a verb.
- ▶ Only independent clauses can stand alone.
- ▶ Dependent clauses start with a subordinating clause.

ompound omplex	2+ 1+	The cat, who is scared of dogs, ran under the porch, and the dog ran after him.	TRANSITIONS Introduce an example for example	To compare conversely
with a semicolon or a comma and		ORS No: It's a beautiful day we're going to the park. Yes: It's a beautiful day, so we're going to the park.	including to illustrate Introduce another item first/second/third furthermore in addition	however in contrast likewise nevertheless on the other hand on the contrary similarly
entence ragment	Rewrite the sentence to form an independent clause.	No: A beautiful day to go to the park. Yes: It is a beautiful day to go to the park.	moreover similarly	Show an exception conversely however
omma plice	Add a conjunction.	No: It's a beautiful day, we're going to the park. Yes: It's a beautiful day, so we're going to the park.	as a result therefore since because	in spite of nevertheless sometimes whereas
lisplaced nodifier	Move the modifier so it is next to the word being modified.	No: Located just down the road, we love going to the park. Yes: We love going to the park located just down the road.	To emphasize obviously certainly in fact	To conclude in conclusion finally

Punctuation			
	Used for	Example	
period	ending sentences	Periods go at the end of complete sentences.	
question mark	ending questions	What's the best way to end a sentence?	
exclamation point	ending sentences that show extreme emotion	I'll never understand how to use commas!	
	joining two independent clauses	Commas can be used to join clauses, but they must always be followed by a coordinating conjunction.	
comma	setting apart introductory and nonessential words and phrases	Commas, when used properly, set apart extra information in a sentence.	
	separating items in a list	My favorite punctuation marks include the colon, semicolon, and period.	
semicolon	joining together two independent clauses (never with a conjunction)	I love exclamation points; they make sentences seem so exciting!	
colon	introducing a list, explanation, or definition	When I see a colon I know what to expect: more information.	
	form contractions	It's amazing how many people can't use apostrophes correctly.	
apostrophe	show possession	Parentheses are my sister's favorite punctuation.	
quotation marks	indicate a direct quote	I said to her, "Tell me more about parentheses."	