Synchronous vs. Asynchronous: Why and How

Synchronous vs. Asynchronous Teaching

| | Synchronous | Asynchronous |
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| Strengths | Creates community: when students are under stay at home orders, synchronous meetings are the only way they meet you and other students Allows for real-time interaction and questions Provides an opportunity for quick assessments of student understanding | Learners can access at any time Allows for editing questions and/or responses Provides flexibility for students in uncertain times Provides more reflection/processing time for content being introduced |
| Challenges | Requires specific times Technology glitches can interfere The cognitive load of web-based learning is higher, so cannot be sustained in the same way as face-to-face instruction | Harder to create community and connection Calendars and navigation must be clear Students must be diligent with managing their time and creating routines |
| Equity | Doesn't always allow for equal participation Difficult to caption real-time discussions Can benefit students who want connection | Students can feel isolated Instructional technology may be difficult to use Can be easier for students who are language learners |
| Best Practices | Plan several short sessions at a variety of times during a week or throughout the quarter and let students choose which one they will attend Ask student volunteers to help manage the online meeting space and participants Record all synchronous meetings and make them available with captions Don't require synchronous attendance | Create short, captioned videos for instruction and pair them with a transcript Let students help structure the schedule each week Create chances for students to interact with you, with individual classmates, and with groups of classmates Record feedback and ask for recorded discussions or demonstrations, but provide tech support and alternate options |